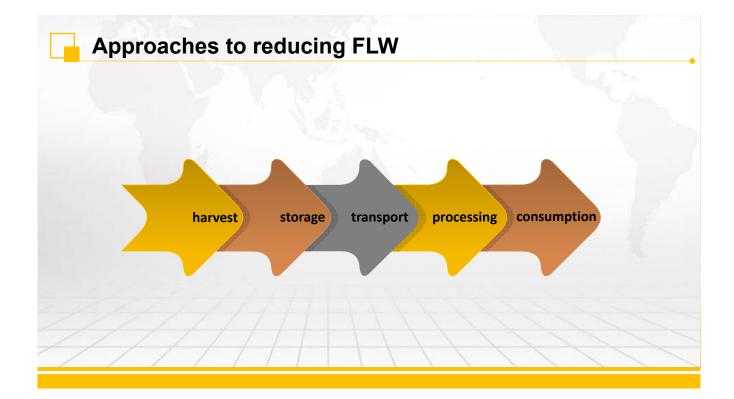
Approaches to Reducing FLW in China





Reduce loss in mechanical harvest

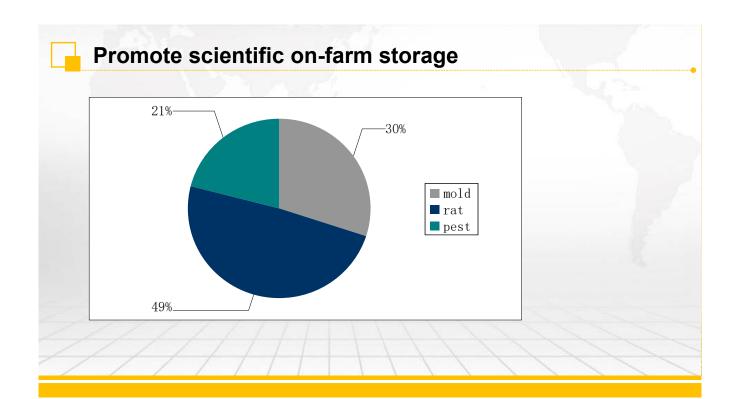
- Three stipulations to controll loss rate
- operators training
- technical guidance
- performance of the machinery

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2

Improve storage conditions

- New storage capacity has been built up and rundown granaries renovated and restored.
- Mechanical ventilation, circulating fumigation, realtime monitoring and cooling system.
- Loss rate down by 3%



The common types of the on-farm storage facilities

modular color-steel bin

for the storage of wheat and rice

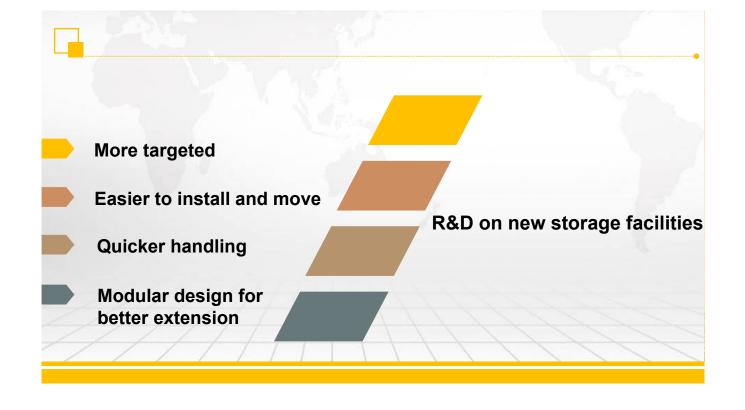




The common types of the on-farm storage facilities



- By the end of 2015, 26 provinces, autonamous regions and municipalities have been equipped with over 10 million set of the scientific storage facilities.
- Loss rates of on-farm storage in those areas lowered by 6%
- saving about 1.15mt grain each year
- > rasing farmers' income by over 2.5 trillion RMB.









Improvement on storage for big-farmers



150m3 container for high-moisture maize in northeast China

Fit for 80t of wet maize





Improvement on storage for big-farmers



2

Fully-enclosed steel silo For rice and wheat

Mouth on the top to fill grain in and to ventilate



Indigenous methods to protect grain from pest and insects



Build up post-harvest service centers

Services of grain cleaning, drying, storing, processing and selliing.

3

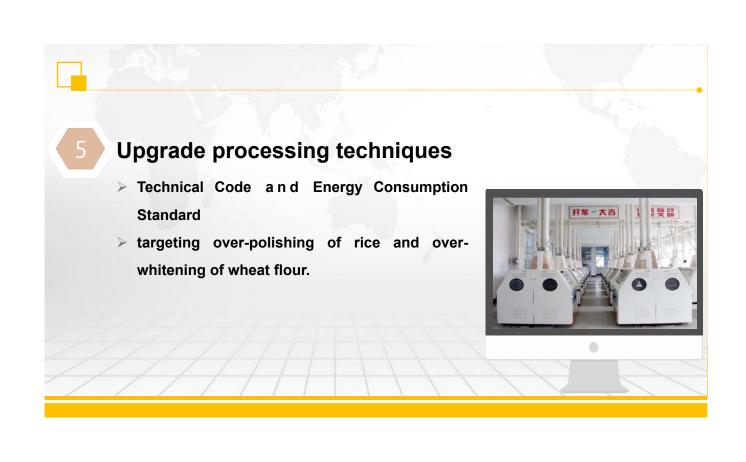
- Engage grain businesses, cooperatives and traders.
- To cover all the major grain production counties in China by 2020.



Promote bulk handling/transporting of grain

- Construct more bulk transportation infrasturctures
- Loss & waste rate down by 2%





Consumers' educational campaign

 "Empty your Plate" A catch phrase in Chinese Society

6

- educational campaigns in various forms
- bring back traditional value
- stars of food saving





